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CZECH REPUBLIC

1 OF 4

Big quiz

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1. **The old name for the European country now called the Czech Republic was?**
- A. Bavaria
 - B. Bohemia
 - C. Lapland
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2. **If you were alive in 1875, which of these activities could you not do?**
- A. take a train
 - B. switch on a light
 - C. listen to a CD
-
3. **What is the name of the river which runs through Prague?**
- A. Vltava
 - B. Volga
 - C. Danube
-
4. **Which one of these instruments is largely made of metal today?**
- A. oboe
 - B. clarinet
 - C. flute
-
5. **What was the most popular music activity in Prague in 1870?**
- A. listening to your i-pod
 - B. playing the piano
 - C. going to clubs
-
6. **The Czech people wanted their music to?**
- A. depict the Czech people's history and character
 - B. sound like German music
 - C. become famous all over the world
-
7. **The Vltava River can symbolise?**
- A. the King of Bohemia
 - B. the character of the Czech nation
 - C. a long journey
-
8. **The River Vltava eventually enters which ocean?**
- A. Atlantic
 - B. North Sea
 - C. Mediterranean

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Big quiz

9. Which instruments will you not find in Smetana's orchestra?

- A. violins
- B. trumpets
- C. keyboards

10. When an audience calls for a repeat performance of a piece of music it is called?

- A. an overture
- B. an episode
- C. an encore

11. Which section of the symphony orchestra contains the most players?

- A. strings
- B. woodwind
- C. percussion

12. Smetana learned to play which instrument?

- A. the oboe
- B. the violin
- C. the piano

13. Until the early 20th Century how did most people get to hear music?

- A. by playing it on the piano
- B. by buying CDs
- C. by joining an orchestra

14. Smetana's music was inspired by?

- A. the history of the Czech nation
- B. ceremonies and royalty
- C. touring around Europe

15. Dvořák got inspiration from the Hungarian dances composed by?

- A. Beethoven
- B. Bach
- C. Brahms

16. One of the most popular ways of hearing music in Dvořák's day was?

- A. listening to the radio
- B. playing piano duets
- C. watching street buskers

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Big quiz

17. Dvořák used a trick to help the audience remember his music. What was this trick?

- A. extra-loud music
- B. music with words
- C. repeated music

18. What was Dvořák's first name?

- A. Rolf
- B. Antonin
- C. Pierre

19. When not composing music, Dvořák could be found at?

- A. the dance hall
- B. the train station
- C. the football stadium

20. Which is the smallest sized of these instruments?

- A. double bass
- B. cello
- C. viola

21. Music performed on a stage with singers acting a play, and accompanied by an orchestra is known as?

- A. operatic
- B. symphonic
- C. choral

22. Dvořák wrote a symphony called?

- A. New World
- B. New Year
- C. New York

23. The *Slavonic Dances* by Dvořák were originally composed for?

- A. orchestra
- B. choir
- C. piano duet

24. Where do most classical musicians get their training?

- A. conservatory
- B. university
- C. seminary

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4 OF 4

Big quiz

25. Which of these is the capital of the Czech Republic?

- A. Vienna
- B. St Petersburg
- C. Prague

26. Which of these is not a musical work composed by Dvořák?

- A. Vltava
- B. New World Symphony
- C. Slavonic Dance

27. Which of these instruments is powered by wind?

- A. harp
- B. glockenspiel
- C. organ

28. Which of these musical works is normally played by an orchestra?

- A. sonata
- B. overture
- C. quartet

29. Which of these composers was not born in the Czech Republic?

- A. Strauss
- B. Dvořák
- C. Smetana

30. What is the name for a piece of music for a soloist and orchestra?

- A. symphony
- B. concerto
- C. duet